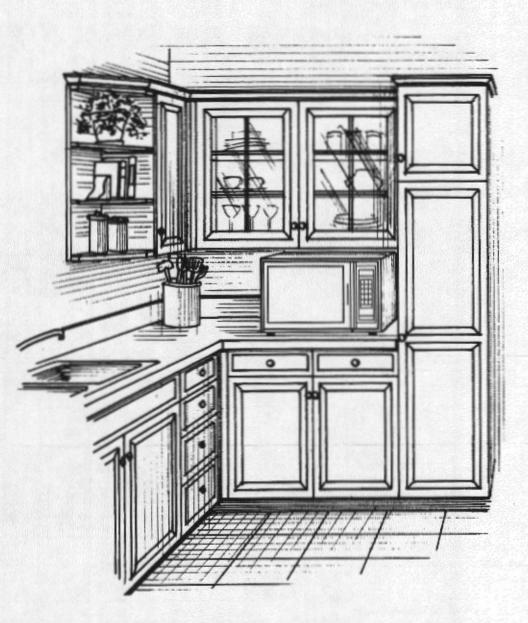
Quasar. Operating Instructions

Microwave Oven Model MQS1387 MQS1087



Before operating this oven, please read these instructions completely.

PRECAUTIONS TO AVOID POSSIBLE EXPOSURE TO EXCESSIVE MICROWAVE ENERGY

- (a) Do not attempt to operate this oven with the door open since open-door operation can result in harmful exposure to microwave energy. It is important not to defeat or tamper with the safety interlocks.
- (b) Do not place any object between the oven front face and the door, or allow soil or cleaner residue to accumulate on sealing surfaces.
- (c) Do not operate the oven if it is damaged. It is particularly important that the oven door close properly and that there is no damage to the:
 - (1) door (bent)
 - (2) hinges and latches (broken or loosened)
 - (3) door seals and sealing surfaces.
- (d) The oven should not be adjusted or repaired by anyone except properly qualified service personnel.

STAPLE YOUR RECEIPT HERE.

If you have any questions or it seems there is a problem with the oven, contact **PANASONIC / QUASAR / TECHNICS Customer Call Center** for assistance, 1-800-211-PANA(7262) {9 a.m. - 9 p.m., E.S.T., toll free}.

The serial number of this product may be found on the right side of the oven door opening. You should note the model number and the serial number of this oven in the space provided and retain this book as a permanent record of your purchase for future reference.

Model No. ___

Serial No. _____

Date of Purchase ___

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TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

	MQS 1387(1.3 cu. ft.)	MQS 1087 (1.0 cu. ft.)
Power consumption:	13.5 Amps, 1550 W	13.5 Amps, 1550 W
Output:*	1000 W	1000 W
- Outside Dimensions	12" x-21?/s" x-16³/4"	12" x 20" x 14 ³ / ₁₆ "
(H x W x D):	(306 x 555 x 425mm)	(306 x 510 x 360mm)
Oven Cavity Dimensions	9 ¹ / ₄ " x 14 ¹⁵ / ₁₆ " x 15 ¹³ / ₁₆ "	9" x 13 ⁷ /₀" x 13⁵/₁₀"
(H x W x D):	(232 x 380 x 402mm)	(229 x 353 x 338mm)
Operating Frequency:	2,450 MHz	2,450 MHz
Uncrated Weight:	Approx. 38 lbs. (17.2 kg)	Approx. 34 lbs. (15.3 kg)

*IEC 705-88 Test Procedure used Specifications subject to change without notice.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Your microwave oven is a cooking device and you should use as much care as you use with a stove or any other cooking device. When using this electric appliance, basic safety precautions should be followed, including the following:

WARNING-To reduce the risk of burns, electric

shock, fire, injury to persons or exposure to excessive microwave energy:

- 1. Read all instructions before using the appliance.
- 2. Read and follow the specific "PRECAUTIONS TO AVOID POSSIBLE EXPOSURE TO EXCESSIVE MICROWAVE ENERGY", found on back of front cover.
- 3. This appliance must be grounded. Connect only to properly grounded outlet. See "GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS" found on page 3.
- 4. Install or locate this appliance only in accordance with the provided installation instructions found on page 3.
- 5. Do not cover or block any openings on this appliance.
- Do not store or use this appliance outdoors. Do not use this product near water—for example, near a kitchen sink, in a wet basement, or near a swimming pool, etc.
- 7. Use this appliance only for its intended use as described in this manual. Do not use corrosive chemicals or vapors in this appliance. This type of oven is specifically designed to heat, cook, or reheat food. It is not designed for industrial or laboratory use.
- When cleaning surfaces of the door and oven that come together on closing the door, use only mild, non-abrasive soaps or detergents applied with a sponge or soft cloth.
- 9. Do not allow children to use this appliance, unless closely supervised by an adult.
- 10.Do not operate this appliance if it has a damaged cord or plug, if it is not working property, or if it has been damaged or dropped.
- 11.Do not immerse the cord or plug in water.
- 12.Keep the cord away from heated surfaces.
- 13.Do not let the cord hang over the edge of a table or counter.
- 14. This appliance should be serviced only by qualified service personnel. Contact the nearest authorized service facility for examination, repair or adjustment.
- 15.Some products such as whole eggs and sealed containers for example, closed glass jars may explode and should not be heated in this oven.
- 16.To reduce the risk of fire in the oven cavity:
 - (a) Do not overcook food. Carefully monitor the appliance if paper, plastic, or other combustible materials are placed inside the oven to facilitate cooking.
 - (b) Remove wire twist-ties from paper or plastic bags before placing the bag in the oven.
 - (c) If materials inside the oven should ignite, keep the oven door closed, turn the oven off, and disconnect the power cord, or shut off the power at the fuse or circuit breaker panel.

(d) Do not use the cavity for storage purposes. Do not leave paper products, cooking utensils, or food in the cavity when not in use.

General Use

- DO NOT tamper with or make any adjustments or repairs to the door, control panel housing, safety interlock switches or any other part of the oven. DO NOT remove the outer panel from the oven. Repairs should only be done by a qualified service person.
- DO NOT operate the oven empty. The microwave energy will reflect continuously throughout the oven causing overheating, if no food or water is present to absorb energy. This could damage the oven and result in the danger of fire.
- 3. DO NOT use this oven to heat chemicals or other non-food products. DO NOT clean this oven with any product that is labeled as containing corrosive chemicals. The heating of corrosive chemicals in this oven can cause radiation leaks.
- 4. DO NOT dry clothes, newspapers or other materials in the oven. They may catch on fire.
- DO NOT use recycled paper products unless the paper product is labeled as safe for microwave oven use. Recycled paper products may contain impurities which may cause sparks and/or fires when used.
- 6. DO NOT use newspapers or paper bags for cooking. Fire can result.
- 7. DO NOT hit or strike the control panel. Damage to the controls may occur. Fire can result
- 8. **POT HOLDERS** should always be used when removing items from the oven. Heat is transferred from the **HOT** food to the cooking container and from the cooking container to the Glass Tray. Glass Tray can be very **HOT** after removing a cooking container from the oven.
- 9. DO NOT store flammable materials next to, on top of, or in the oven. These could be fire hazards.

Do not cover or block any openings on this appliance.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

For proper use of your oven, read remaining safety cautions and operating instructions.

INSTALLATION & GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS

Examine Your Oven

Unpack oven, remove all packing material, and examine the oven for any damage such as dents, broken door latches or cracks in the door. Notify dealer immediately if oven is damaged. **DO NOT** install if oven is damaged.

Placement of Oven

- 1. Oven must be placed on a flat, stable surface. For proper operation, the oven must have sufficient air flow. Allow 3 inches (8 cm) of space on both sides of the oven and 1 inch (2.5 cm) of space of space on top of oven.
 - a. DO NOT block air vents. If they are blocked during operation, the oven may overheat. If the oven overheats, a thermal safety device will turn the oven off. The oven will remain inoperable until it has cooled.
 - b. **DO NOT** place oven near a hot damp surface such as a gas or electric range.
 - c. DO NOT operate oven when room humidity is too high.
- 2. This oven was manufactured for household use only.

Grounding Instructions

This appliance must be grounded. In the event of an electrical short circuit, grounding reduces the risk of electric shock by providing an escape wire for the electric current. This appliance is equipped with a cord having a grounding wire with a grounding plug. The plug must be plugged into an outlet that is property installed and grounded.

WARNING—Improper use of the grounding plug can result in a risk of electric shock.

Consult a qualified electrician or service person if the grounding instructions are not completely understood, or if doubt exists as to whether the appliance is properly grounded.

If it is necessary to use an extension cord, use only a three wire extension cord that has a three blade grounding plug, and a three slot receptacle that will accept the plug on the appliance. The marked rating of the extension cord should be equal to or greater than the electrical rating of the appliance.

Radio Interference

- 1. Operation of the microwave oven may cause interference to your radio, TV or similar equipment.
- 2. When there is interference, it may be reduced or eliminated by taking the following measures:
 - a. Clean door and sealing surfaces of the oven. (See Care of Your Microwave Oven found on page 17.)
 - b. Place the radio, TV, etc. away from the microwave oven as far as possible.
 - c. Use a properly installed antenna to obtain stronger signal reception.

Wiring Requirements

- 1. The oven must be on a SEPARATE CIRCUIT. No other appliance should share the circuit with the microwave oven. If it does, the branch circuit fuse may blow, the circuit breaker may trip, or the food may cook slower than the times recommended in this manual.
- The VOLTAGE used must be the same as specified on this microwave oven (120 V). Using a higher voltage is dangerous and may result in a fire or other accident causing oven damage. Using a lower voltage will cause slow cooking. Quasar is NOT responsible for damage resulting from the use of the oven with other than specified voltage.
- 3. The oven must be plugged into at least a 20 AMP, 120 VOLT, 60 Hz GROUNDED OUTLET. Where a

standard two-prong outlet is encountered, it is the personal responsibility and obligation of the consumer to have it replaced with a property grounded threeprong outlet.



4. A TEMPORARY CONNECTION with a two-prong adapter may be made where LOCAL CODES PERMIT it. Unless the cover

screw is grounded through the house wiring, attaching the adapter grounding plate to the cover screw will not ground the oven. If there is any doubt that the cover screw is grounded, have it checked by an electrician.



Power Supply

- 1. A short power-supply cord is provided to reduce the risks resulting from becoming entangled in or tripping over a longer cord.
- 2. Longer cord sets or extension cords are available and may be used if care is exercised in their use.
- 3. If a long cord or extension cord is used, (1) the marked electrical rating of the cord set or extension cord should be at least as great as the electrical rating of the appliance, (2) the extension cord must be a grounding-type 3-wire cord, and (3) the longer cord should be arranged so that it will not drape over the counter top or tabletop where it can be pulled on by children or tripped over accidentally.

Follow These Safety Precautions When Cooking in Your Oven

1) HOME CANNING / DRYING FOODS / SMALL QUANTITIES OF FOODS

- Do not use your oven for home canning or the heating of any closed jar. Pressure will build up and the jar may explode. Your oven cannot maintain the food at the proper canning temperature. Improperly canned food may spoil and be dangerous to consume.
- Small quantities of food or foods with low moisture content can dry out, burn or catch on fire.
- Do not dry meats, herbs, fruits or vegetables in your oven.

IMPORTANT

Proper cooking depends on time set and weight of food. If you use a smaller portion than recommended and cook at the time for the recommended portion, fire can result.

If a fire occurs, turn the oven off and leave the oven door closed. Disconnect the power cord or shut off power at the fuse or circuit breaker panel.

2) POPCORN

Popcorn must be popped in a microwave oven corn popper. Microwave popcorn which pops in its own package is also available. Follow popcorn manufacturers' directions and use a brand suitable for the wattage of your microwave oven. Never leave oven unattended when popping popcorn. Allow the popcorn bag to cool before opeining it. To prevent steam burns, always open the bag away from your face and body.

CAUTION:

When using pre-packaged microwave popcorn, follow recommended package instructions. Check package weight before using the *POPCORN* pad. Set the oven for the weight of the popcorn package. (see page 11) If these instructions are not followed, the popcorn may not pop adequately or may ignite and cause a fire.

3) DEEP FAT FRYING

• Do not attempt to deep fat fry in your microwave oven. Cooking oils may burst into flames and may cause damage to the oven and perhaps result in burns. Microwave utensils may not be able to withstand the temperature of the hot oil, and could shatter.

4) EGGS

• **Do not** heat eggs in their shell in a microwave oven. Pressure will build up and the eggs will explode.

5) FOODS WITH NONPOROUS SKINS

- Potatoes, apples, egg yolks, whole squash and sausages are examples of foods with nonporous skins. These types of foods must be pierced before microwave cooking to prevent their bursting.
- Use fresh potatoes for baking and cook until just done.
 Overcooking causes dehydration and may cause a fire. Use recommended weights or fire may occur.

6) LIQUIDS

• Heated liquids can erupt if not mixed with air. **Do not** heat liquids in your microwave oven without first stirring. Stir after heating.

7) GLASS TRAY / COOKING UTENSILS / FOIL

- Cooking utensils get hot during microwaving. Use potholders when removing utensils from the oven or when removing lids or plastic wrap covering from cooking utensils to avoid burns.
- The glass tray will get hot during cooking. It should be allowed to cool before handling or before paper products, such as paper plates or microwave popcorn bags, are placed in the oven for microwave cooking.
- When using foil, skewers, warming rack or utensils made of metal in the oven, allow at least 1-inch (2.5 cm) of space between metal material and interior oven walls. If arcing occurs (sparking), remove metal material (skewers etc.) and/or transfer to a non-metallic container.
- Dishes with metallic trim should not be used, as arcing may occur.

8) PAPER TOWELS / CLOTHS

- Do not use paper towels or cloths which contain a synthetic fiber woven into them. The synthetic fiber may cause the towel to ignite.
- Do not use paper bags or recycled paper products in the microwave oven.

9) BROWNING DISHES / OVEN COOKING BAGS

- Browning dishes or grills are designed for microwave cooking only. Always follow instructions provided by the manufacturer. Do not preheat browning dish more than 8 minutes.
- If an oven cooking bag is used for microwave cooking, prepare according to package directions. Do not use a wire twist-tie to close bag.

10) THERMOMETERS

• Do not use a conventional meat thermometer in your oven. Arcing may occur.

11) BABY FORMULA / FOOD

• Do not heat baby formula or food in the microwave oven. The glass jar or surface of the food may appear warm while the interior can burn the infant's mouth and esophagus.

12) REHEATING PASTRY PRODUCTS

• When reheating pastry products, check temperatures of any fillings before eating. Some foods have fillings which heat faster and can be extremely hot while the surface remains warm to the touch (ex. jelly donuts).

13) GENERAL OVEN USAGE GUIDELINES

- **Do not** use the oven for any reason other than the preparation of food.
- Do not leave oven unattended while in use.

Cookware and Utensil Guide

ITEM	MICROWAVE	COMMENTS	
Aluminum Foil	Yes, for Shielding only	Small strips of foil can be molded around thin parts of meat or poultry to prevent overcooking. Arcing can occur if foil is too close to oven wall or if too much foil is used.	
Browning Dish	Yes	Browning dishes are designed for microwave cooking only. Check browning dish information for instructions and heating chart. Do not preheat for more than 6 minutes.	
Brown paper bags	No	May cause a fire in the oven.	
Dinnerware Labelled "Microwave-Safe"	Yes	Check manufacturers' use and care directions for use in microwave heating. Some dinnerware may state on the back of the dish, "Oven-Microwave Safe".	
Other Dinnerware	?	Use CONTAINER TEST below.	
Disposable polyester Paperboard Dishes	Yes	Some frozen foods are packaged in these dishes. Can be purchased in grocery stores.	
Fast Food Carton with Metal Handle	No	Metal handle may cause arcing.	
Frozen Dinner Tray Metal Microwave-safe	Yes Yes	Frozen dinners may be heated in foil tray, if tray is less than ¼-inch (2 cm) high. Place foil tray in center of oven. Leave at least 1-inch (2.5 cm) space between foil tray and oven walls. Heat only 1 foil tray in the oven at time. For containers more than ¼-inch (2 cm) deep,	
Microwave-sale	res	remove food and place in a similar size microwave-safe container.	
Glass Jars	Yes, use caution	Remove lid. Heat food until just warm, not HOT. Most glass jars are not heat resistant. Do not use for cooking.	
Glassware Heat Resistant Oven Glassware & Ceramics	Yes	Ideal for microwave cooking and browning. (See CONTAINER TEST below)	
Metal Bakeware	No	Not recommended for use in microwave ovens.	
Metal Twist Ties	No	May cause arcing which could cause a fire in the oven.	
Oven Cooking Bag	Yes	Follow manufacturers' directions. Close bag with the nylon tie provided, a strip cut from the end of the bag, or a piece of cotton string. Do not close with metal twist tie. Make six ¹ /2-inch (1 cm) slits near the closure.	
Paper Plates & Cups	Yes	Use to warm cooked foods, and to cook foods that require short cooking times such as hot dogs.	
Paper Towels & Napkins	Yes	Use to warm rolls and sandwiches by microwave.	
Parchment Paper	Yes	Use as a cover to prevent spattering. Safe for use in microwave, microwave/convection and conventional ovens.	
Plastic Microwave-Safe Cookware	Yes	Should be labeled, "Suitable for microwave heating." Check _ manufacuters' directions for recommended uses.	
Reheat & Storage	Yes, use caution	Some microwave-safe plastic dishes are not suitable for cooking foods with high fat or sugar content. The heat from hot food may cause the plastic to warp.	
Melamine	No	This material absorbs microwave energy. Dishes get HOT!	
Plastic Foam Cups	Yes	Plastic foam will melt if foods reach a high temperature. Use to bring foods to a low serving temperature.	
Plastic Wrap	Yes	Use to cover food during cooking to retain moisture and prevent spattering. Should be labelled "Suitable for Microwave Heating". Check package directions.	
Straw, Wicker, Wood	Yes	Use only for short term reheating and to bring food to a low serving temperature.	
Thermometers Microwave-safe, only Conventional	Yes No	Use only microwave-safe meat and candy thermometers. Not suitable for use in microwave oven, will cause sparks and get hot.	
Wax paper	Yes	Use as a cover to prevent spattering and to retain moisture.	

CONTAINER TEST

TO TEST A CONTAINER FOR SAFE MICROWAVE OVEN USE: Fill a 1-cup glass measure with water and place it in the microwave oven along with the container to be tested; heat one (1) minute at HIGH. If the container is microwave oven-safe, the container should remain comfortably cool and the water should be hot. If the container is hot, it has absorbed some microwave energy and should NOT be used. This test cannot be used for plastic containers.

Food Characteristics

Bone and Fat: Both bone and fat affect cooking. Bones may cause irregular cooking. Meat next to the tips of bones may overcook while meat positioned under a large bone, such as a ham bone, may be undercooked. Large amounts of fat absorb microwave energy and the meat next to these areas may overcook.

Quantity: Two potatoes take longer to cook than one potato. As the quantity of the food increases so does the cooking time.

When cooking small amounts of food such as one or two potatoes, do not leave oven unattended. The moisture content in the food may decrease and a fire could result. **Density:** Porous, airy foods such as breads, cakes or rolls take less time to cook than heavy, dense foods such as potatoes and roasts.

Shape: Uniform sizes heat more evenly. The thin end of a drumstick will cook more quickly than the meaty end. To compensate for irregular shapes, place thin parts toward the center of the dish and thick parts toward the edge.

Size: Thin pieces cook more quickly than thick pieces.

Starting Temperature: Foods that are room temperature take less time to cook than if they are refrigerator temperature or frozen.

Cooking Techniques

Spacing: Individual foods, such as baked potatoes, cupcakes and appetizers, will cook more evenly if placed in the oven equal distances apart. When possible, arrange foods in a circular pattern.

Browning: Foods will not have the same brown appearance as conventionally cooked foods. Meats and poultry may be coated with browning sauce, Worcestershire sauce, barbecue sauce or shake-on browning sauce. To use, combine browning sauce with melted butter or margarine; brush on before cooking.

Piercing: Foods with skins or membranes must be pierced, scored or have a strip of skin peeled before cooking to allow steam to escape. Pierce whole egg yolks and whites, clams, oysters, chicken livers, scallops, whole potatoes and whole vegetables. Whole apples or new potatoes should have a 1-inch strip of skin peeled before cooking. Score sausage, frankfurters and hot dogs.

Covering: As with conventional cooking, moisture evaporates during microwave cooking. Casserole lids or plastic wrap are used for a tighter seal. When using plastic wrap, vent the plastic wrap by folding back part of the plastic wrap from the edge of the dish to allow steam to escape. Loosen or remove plastic wrap as recipe directs for stand time. When removing plastic wrap covers, as well as any glass lids, be careful to remove them away from you to avoid steam burns. Various degrees of moisture retention are also obtained by using wax paper or paper towels. However, unless specified, a recipe is cooked uncovered.

Shielding: Thin areas of meat and poultry cook more quickly than meaty portions. To prevent overcooking, these thin areas can be shielded with strips of aluminum foil. Wooden toothpicks may be used to hold the foil in place. **Timing:** A range in cooking time is given in each recipe. The time range compensates for the uncontrollable differences in food shapes, starting temperature and regional preferences. Always cook food for the minimum cooking time given in the recipe and check for doneness. If the food is undercooked, continue cooking. It is easier to add time to an undercooked product. Once the food is overcooked, nothing can be done.

Stirring: Stirring is usually necessary during microwave cooking. We have noted when stirring is helpful, using the words once, twice, frequently or occasionally to describe the amount of stirring necessary.

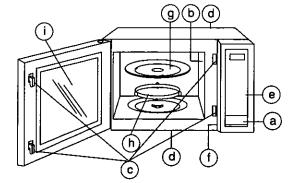
Rearranging: Rearrange small items such as chicken pieces, shrimp, hamburger patties or pork chops. Rearrange pieces from the edge to the center and pieces from the center to the edge of the dish.

Turning: It is not possible to stir some foods to redistribute the heat. At times microwave energy will concentrate in one area of a food. To help insure even cooking, these foods need to be turned. Turn over large foods, such as roasts or turkeys, halfway through cooking.

Standing Time: Most foods will continue to cook by conduction after the microwave oven is turned off. In meat cookery, the internal temperature will rise 5°F to 15°F if allowed to stand, tented with foil, for 10 to 15 minutes. Casseroles and vegetables need a shorter amount of standing time, but this standing time is necessary to allow foods to complete cooking in the center without overcooking on the edges.

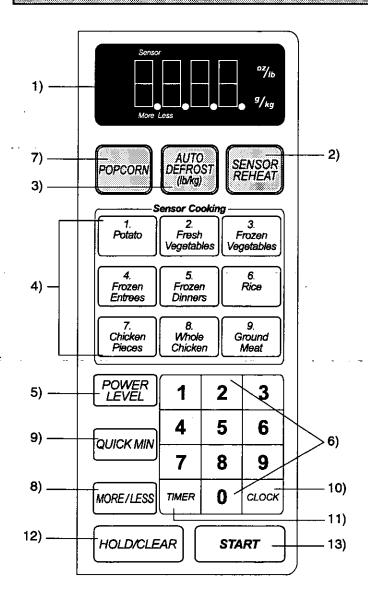
Testing for Doneness: The same tests for doneness used in conventional cooking may be used for microwave cooking. Meat is done when fork-tender or splits at fibers. Chicken is done when juices are clear yellow and drumstick moves freely. Fish is done when it flakes and is opaque.

Feature Diagram



- a Door Release Button
- (b) Internal Air Vents
- c) Door Safety Lock System
- d External Air Vents
- e Control Panel
- f Identification Plate
- (g) Glass Tray
- (h) Roller Ring
- i) Vapor Barrier Film (do not remove)

Control Panel



- 1) Display Window
- 2) SENSOR REHEAT Pad. Indicator will verify.
- 3) AUTO DEFROST Pad
- 4) Sensor Cook Pads
- 5) POWER LEVEL Pad
- 6) Number Pads
- 7) POPCORN Pad
- 8) MORE/LESS Pad. Indicator will verify selection.
- 9) QUICK MIN Pad
- 10) CLOCK Pad
- 11) TIMER Pad
- 12) **HOLD/CLEAR** Pad Before cooking: One tap clears your instruction. During cooking: One tap temporarily stops the cooking process. A second tap cancels all your instructions and the time of day or dot appears on the screen.
- 13) START Pad One tap allows oven to begin functioning. If door is opened or HOLD/CLEAR Pad is pressed once during oven operation, START Pad must be pressed again to restart oven.

Door Release Button (a)

Beep Sound

When a pad is pressed correctly, a beep will be heard. If a pad is pressed and no beep is heard, the unit did not or cannot accept the instruction. The oven will beep twice between programmed stages. At the end of any completed program, the oven will beep 5 times.

Conversion

The oven automatically displays weight in imperial. If you wish to use metric system, press **START** Pad once directly after plugging the oven in, the indicator show g/kg. The indicator will show oz/lb or g/kg when you have to set the weight (e.g., after pressing **AUTO DEFROST** Pad).

To Set Clock

Example: To set 11:25 a.m. or p.m.

1. CLOCK	• Press. ➤Dot blinks.
2. 1125	 Enter time of day using the number pads. ➤Time appears in the Display Window; dot is blinking.
3.	 Press. >Dot stops blinking; time of day is entered and locked into Display Window.

NOTES:

- 1.You can use the oven without setting the clock.
- 2. There is no a.m. or p.m. settings. Clock is a 12 hour display.
- 3.To reset time of day, repeat the steps above.
- 4. The clock will retain time setting only when plugged into power source.
- 5. Oven will not operate while dot is blinking.



This feature allows the prevention of use by children (not including door mechanism).

You can set **Child Lock** when the Display Window shows a dot or time of day.

To Set:

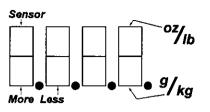
1	 Press 3 times. ▶"CHILD" appears in the Display
Start	Window.

To Cancel:

1	• Press 3 times.
HOLD/CLEAR	Dot or time of day reappears in the Display Window.



Look for these indicators:





How do I program Power and Time?

Example:	Example: To cook at MEDIUM Power for 5 minutes.		
1. POW LEV 4 times =	EL	 Select power level. (according to the chart below) 	
2. 5 6 5:0	0 00	 Set cooking time using number pads. (up to 99 minutes and 99 seconds for a single stage) 	
3. 	RT	 Press START. Cooking will start. The time in the Display Window will begin to count down. To recall the selected power level during cooking, press POWER LEVEL Pad. 	

NOTE:

- 1. For 2 or 3 stage cooking, repeat steps 1 and 2 above before pressing *START* Pad.
- 2. When selecting HIGH Power on the first stage, you can start from step 2.
- 3. Two beeps will sound between stages of cooking. Five beeps will sound at the end of the entire program.

Press	Po	ower Level	% Power
once	P 100	(HIGH)	100%
twice	dEF	(DEFROST)	30%
3 times	P 70	(MEDIUM-HIGH)	70%
4 times	P 50	(MEDIUM)	50%
5 times	P 30	(MEDIUM-LOW)	30%
6 times	P 10	(LOW)	10%

This feature allows you to program a Standing Time after cooking is completed and to program the oven as a Minute Timer and/or to program Delay Start.

To Use as a Kitchen Timer:

Example: To count 5 minutes		
1	• Press TIMER Pad.	
2. 5 0 0 5 :00	 Enter desired amount of time using the number pads. (up to 99 minutes and 99 seconds) 	
3. START	 Press. Time will count down without oven operating. 	

To Set Stand Time:

Example: To stand for 5 minutes after cooking (3 mins. at MEDIUM Power)		
1. POWER LEVEL 4 times = Med. ↓ 3 0 0 3:00	• Enter the desired cooking program (see page 8 "Power & Time Setting").	
2. TIMER	• Press.	
3. 5 0 0 5:00	• Enter desired amount of Stand Time using the number pads. (up to 99 minutes and 99 seconds)	
4. START	 Press. Cooking will start. After cooking, Stand Time will count down without oven operating. 	

To Set Delay Start:

Example: To delay the start of cooking 5 minutes before setting the cooking program of MED. for 3 minutes.

1. <i>TIMER</i>	• Press.
2. 500 5:00	 Set desired amount of delayed time using the number pads. (up to 99 minutes and 99 seconds)
3. <i>POWER</i> <i>LEVEL</i> Med = 4 times ↓ 3 0 0 3:00	• Enter the desired cooking program (see page 8 for directions).
4. START	 Press. Delayed time of 5 minutes will count down. Then cooking will start.

NOTES:

- 1. If oven door is opened during the Stand Time or Kitchen Timer, the time on the screen will continue to court down.
- 2. Delay Start cannot be programmed before any Auto Control Function.

This is to prevent the starting temperature of the food from rising before defrosting or cooking begins. A change in the starting temperature could cause inaccurate cooking results.

- 1. Freeze meats, poultry and fish in packages with only 1 or 2 layers of food. Place wax paper between layers.
- 2. Package in heavy-duty plastic wraps, bags or freezer paper.
- 3. Remove as much air as possible.
- 4. Wrap should be snug against food, sealed securely and labeled.
- 5. Remove wrapper to prevent holding steam and juice. Juice of food can get hot and cause the outer surface or bottom of the food to cook; set the food on a microwave roasting rack and drain liquid during defrosting.

Defrosting Tips & Techniques

- 6. Place meat in an appropriate size dish.
- 7. Place roast fat-side down and whole poultry breast-side down on a microwave roasting rack in a dish.
- 8. Place small items on a microwave roasting rack in a dish.
- 9. Large roasts and whole poultry may still be icy in center after defrosting, allow to stand in the refrigerator covered with plastic wrap (see chart below).
- 10. Fish and seafood should be slightly icy after defrosting, allow to stand and rinse under cold water for 2-3 minutes.
- 11. Defrosted items in 2 layers should be rinsed separately or have a longer stand time.

FOOD DEFROST TIME (min. per pound)		DURING DEFROSTING	AFTER DEFROS Stand Time	STING Rinse
Fish and Seafood [up to 3 lb. (1.5 kg)]				
Crabmeat	12 to 14	Break apart		NO
Fish Steaks	6 to 10	Tum over		
Fish Fillets	6 to 8	Turn over/Rearrange	5 min. –	
Sea Scallops	14 to 16	Break apart/Remove defrosted pieces		
Shrimp medium	8 to 10	Break apart/Remove defrosted pieces		YES
Whole fish	10 to 12	Tum over		
Meat				
Ground Meat*	8 to 10	Turn over/Remove defrosted portion/Shield edges	10 min.	
Roasts [2½ - 4 lb. (1.2 - 2 kg)]	8 to 12	Turn over/Shield ends and defrosted surface	30 min. in refrig	
Chops/Steak	8 to 10	Separate/Turn over/Rearrange		
Ribs/T-bone	8 to 10	Turn over/Shield	5 min.	NO
Stew Meat	10 to 12	Break apart/Shield		
Liver (thin sliced)	8 to 10	Drain liquid/Turn over/Separate pieces		-
Bacon	4 to 6	Tum over		
Poultry				
Chicken, Whole 6 to 10 Turn over 2 or 3 times/Shield defrosted parts [up to 3 lb. (1.5 kg)]		20 min. in refrig	YES	
Cutlets 6 to 8 Turn over		5 min.		
Pieces	8 to 10 Separate			NO
Cornish Hens	ens 8 to 12 Turn over/Rearrange		10 min.	
Turkey Breast [5 - 6 lbs. (2.5 - 3 kg)]	8 to 12	Tum over 2 to 3 times	20 min. in refrig	YES



This feature allows you to defrost meat, poultry and seafood by weight without setting time.

Example: To defi	Example: To defrost 1.2 lb. of meat					
1.	• Press					
2.	 Set the weight of the food using the number pads. Weight of the frozen food must be programmed in pounds and tenths of a pound, not ounces. See chart below. Press 1 → 2 for 1.2 lb. 					
3. START	 Press. Defrosting time appears in the Display Window and counts down. 					

NOTE:

- 1. The shape and size of the food will determine the maximum weight the oven can accommodate. The recommended maximum weight of meat is 4 lb. (1.8 kg); poultry, 6 lb. (2.7 kg) and seafood, 3 lb. (1.4 kg).
- The oven beeps once during the defrosting cycle to signal that the food needs to be **turned** or **rearranged**. To prevent overdefrosting, thin areas or edges can be shielded with strips of aluminum foil.
- 3. For best results, the minimum recommended weight is 0.5 lb (220 g).
- 4. Stand time or power level may be programmed after Auto Defrost.

Conversion Chart:

Follow this chart to convert ounces or hundredths of a pound into tenths of a pound. If a piece of meat weighs 1.95 pounds - or 1 pound 14 ounces, program 1.9 pounds.

Ounces	Hundredths of a Pound	Tenths of a Pound
0	.9605	0.0
1-2	.0615	0.1
3 - 4	.1625	0.2
5	.2635	0.3
6-7	.3645	0.4
8	.4655	0.5
9 - 10	.5665	0.6
11 - 12	.6675	0.7
13	.7685	0.8
14 - 15	.8695	0.9



Example: To heat 3.0 oz. (90 g) of popcorn

1. POPCORN twice	 Set the desired weight of prepackaged microwave popcorn. (3.5 oz./99 g, 3.0 oz./90 g, or 1.75 oz./50 g can be selected.) 		
2.	 Press START. Cooking time appears in the display and begins to count down. 		

NOTES ON POPCORN PAD:

- 1. Use prepackaged room temperature microwave popcorn. Read manufacturers' instructions.
- 2. Place bag in oven according to manufacturers' directions.
- 3. Pop only one bag at a time.
- After popping, allow the contents of the bag to cool for a few minutes before opening. Open bag carefully away from face because popcorn and steam are extremely hot.
- 5. Do not reheat unpopped kernels or reuse bag.
- 6. Never leave oven unattended when popping popcom.

CAUTION:

If pre-packaged popcorn is of a different weight than those on the chart, do not use the popcorn setting, or inadequate popping or a fire may occur.

Follow the manufacturers' instructions.



This feature helps you in programming your oven without pressing Number Pads and allows you to add extra cooking time easily.

To Set Cooking Time:

	Set cooking time (up to 10 taps/minutes)
2. START	• Press ►Cooking will start on HIGH power.

NOTE:

- 1. You can use other power levels, select the desired power level before setting the cooking time.
- 2. After setting the time by **QUICK MIN** Pad, you cannot use Number Pads, and vice versa.

Sensor Cooking / Sensor Reheat

The SENSOR feature allows you to cook/reheat most of your favorite foods without having to select time or power.

The SENSOR feature does it all for you.

1. Select category. See chart below. Example: to cook 2 cups of cut up broccoli



The Sensor Indicator and number "2" appear in the Display Window to verify your selection.



2. Press:

MUNE/LE33
(optional)

Preferences for food doneness vary with each individual. Use this pad to adjust to the desired doneness. 1 tap - adds cooking time (**MORE**) 2 taps - decreases cooking time (**LESS**) An indicator will verify your selection.

3. Press Start. Cooking will start. After humidity is detected by the SENSOR, the remaining cooking/reheating time will appear in the Display Window and begins to count down.

Key Pad	Weight Range	Instructions		
SENSOR REHEAT	At least ¼ lb (4 oz.)	Place cooked food (usually refrigerator or room temperature) on a plate or in a bowl. Cover with plastic wrap or a lid. After reheating, let stand 5 minutes.		
1. Potato	any size	Pierce several times and place on a microwave safe dish. Do not cover. After 2 beeps, turn over.		
2. Fresh Vegetables	any size	Add water. Cover loosely with a lid or plastic wrap. After 2 beeps, stir or rearrange.		
3. Frozen Vegetables	any size	Add 2 tbsp. of water. Do not cook with butter or sauce. Cover with plastic wrap. After 2 beeps, stir or rearrange.		
4. Frozen Entrees	any size	Follow manufacturers' directions for covering or removing covers. For best results, do not use frozen foods packaged		
5. Frozen Dinners	any size	in foil tray. After 2 beeps, stir or ladle gravy sauce according to package directions.		
6. Rice	Rice Cold Water ½ cup 1 cup 1 cup 2 cup 1½ cup 3 cups 2 cups 3½ cups	Place rice and cold water with ¹ / ₄ to 1 teaspoon salt. Cover with lid or plastic wrap. After 2 beeps, stir several times. After cooking, stir. Cover and let stand 5 to 10 minutes.		
7. Chicken Pleces	¹ / ₂ - 2 lb. (230 - 680 g)	Place skin-side up. Cover with plastic wrap. Vent. Rearrange after 2 beeps. Juices should be clear.		
8. Whole Chicken	up to 6 lb. (3 kg)	Place breast-side down. Cover completely with vented plastic wrap. After 2 beeps, turn breast-side up, recover. Juices should be clear. For larger birds, use MORE pad.		
9. Ground Meat	'⁄₂ to 2 lb.	Break apart in glass bowl. Cover loosely with plastic wrap. After 2 beeps, the oven will Stop and time will appear in the Display Window. Stir to break meat apart. Press START . Display will continue to count down. Juices should be clear. Drain.		

For best results with the SENSOR, follow these recommendations.

BEFORE Reheating/Cooking

- 1. The room temperature surrounding the oven should be below 95° F (35° C).
- 2.Food weight should exceed 4 oz. (120 g).
- 3.Glass Tray and outside of container should be dry.
- 4. Cover food loosely but completely with plastic wrap, or place foods in a casserole dish with a proper fitting lid.
- 5.All foods should be taken from their normal storage place.

DURING Reheating/Cooking:

DO NOT open the oven door until 2 beeps sound and time appears in the Display Window. Doing so will cause inaccurate cooking since the steam from food is no longer contained within the oven cavity. Once the timer begins to count down, the oven door may be opened to stir, turn, shield, rearrange, mix or add foods.

AFTER Reheating / Cooking:

All foods should have a covered stand time.



To Cook Fresh Vegetables

Weights given in the chart are weights after peeling, trimming, etc. Prepare vegetables for cooking; cut, slice or trim as directed in chart. Cook vegetables in covered casserole dish, except for whole, unpeeled vegetables.

Whole, unpeeled vegetables, such as potatoes or eggplant, should be pierced before cooking and arranged on microwave-safe dish in the oven. Arrange potatoes in a circular pattern on the dish.

TO COOK BY TIME: Cook according to the time recommended in the chart. Two-thirds of the way through cooking, stir, rearrange, and/or turn vegetables over.

TO COOK BY SENSOR: When time appears in the Display Window, stir vegetables. After cooking, stir vegetables. Let stand, covered, 3 - 5 minutes.

To Cook Frozen Vegetables

Empty package of vegetables into glass container. Add 2 tablespoons of water. Cover dish with lid or with plastic wrap. Cook on *Frozen Vegetables*.

For frozen vegetables in a pouch, pierce a hole in the pouch, place in a casserole dish, and cook on *Frozen Vegetables*. After cooking, stir and let stand, covered, 3 minutes before serving. **DO NOT** cook frozen vegetables which contain any type of butter or sauce with a SENSOR COOK PAD.

Never leave oven unattended when heating small amounts of foods such as one or two potatoes. Potatoes may catch fire if overcooked and cause severe damage to the oven and its surroundings.

			Manua	al Cooking	Sensor Cooking	
Vegetable	Amount	Water	Power	Time (Mins.)	Category (Any Amount)	
Artichokes, 6 to 8 oz. ea., wrap in plastic wrap or place in covered dish.	1 2	2 tbsp. ¹/₄ cup	Med. High	6 - 8	Fresh Vegetables	
Asparagus, 6-in spears	¹ ∕₂ lb. (250 g)	2 tbsp.	High	31/2 - 41/2	Fresh Vegetables	
Beans, green/wax, cut into 11/2 in. pieces.	1 lb. (500 g)	^י ∕₄ cup	Med. High	9 - 11	Potato	
Beets	1 lb. (500 g)	¹⁄₂ cup	High	17 - 19	Potato	
Broccoli, Flowerets	1 lb. (500 g)	1/4 cup or less	High	51/2 - 61/2	Fresh Vegetables	
Brussels Sprouts	1 tub 10 oz. (300 g)	¼ cup	High	51/2 - 61/2	Potato	
Cabbage, wedges	1 lb. (500 g)	¼ cup	High	7 - 9	Fresh Vegetables	
Carrots, sliced 1/2 in. thick medium soft aldente	1 lb. (500 g)	¼ сир	High	7 - 9	Fresh Vegetables	
Cauliflower, flowerets, whole	1 lb. (500 g)	¹ /₄ cup	High	7 - 9	Fresh Vegetables	
Corn, fresh on the cob (in husk) cook uncovered	1 ear 2 ears	none	High High	3 - 4 5 - 6	Fresh Vegetables	
Eggplant, (fresh cubed, or sliced)	1 lb. (500 g)	¼ cup	Med. High	6 - 8	Fresh Vegetables	
Spinach, leaf	1 lb. (500 g)	2 tbsp.	High	6 - 7	Fresh Vegetables	
Okra	½ lb. (250 g) -	none	High	. 31/2 - 41/2.	Fresh Vegetables	
Potatoes, 6 to 8 oz. each Cook uncovered, turn over halfway through cooking time. Pierce skin several times with fork before cooking	1 2 3 4	none	High	4 - 5 7 - 8 10 - 11 12 - 13	Potato	
Squash, Summer, sliced 1/2 in. thick (yellow, zucchini, etc.)	1 lb. (500 g)	none	High	7 - 8	Fresh Vegetables	
Squash, Winter, Cut in half, scoop out seeds, wrap in plastic wrap.	1 lb. (500 g)	none	Med. High	6 - 7	Potato	
Turnips	1 lb. (500 g)	¼ cup	High	9 - 11	Potato	
Rutabaga	1 lb. (500 g)	¼ cup	High	13 - 15	Potato	

Vegetable Chart - Manual and Sensor Cooking

Directions for Roasting Poultry

Season as desired, but salt only after cooking.

Browning sauce mixed with equal parts of butter will enhance appearance. Poultry may be stuffed or unstuffed. Tie legs together with cotton string. Whole chicken should be placed breast-side down on a microwave roasting rack set in a shallow casserole diish. Cover with plastic wrap.

During cooking it may be necessary to shield legs, wings and breast bone to prevent overcooking. Wooden toothpicks can be used to hold foil in place.

If large amount of juice accumulates in the bottom of the dish, drain juices. Reserve for making gravy.

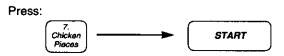
After cooking, check the temperature of large chickens and turkeys with a meat thermometer. Check the temperature in both thigh muscles. If the thermometer touches bone, the reading may be inaccurate.

DO NOT use a conventional thermometer in the oven when cooking be microwave. Use only a microwave-safe thermometer.

To Cook Chicken Parts:

Arrange pieces skin-side up, with meatier portions toward edge of dish. Cover with plastic wrap. Poultry is cooked when juices are clear. If there is a slight pink color in the juice, return poultry parts to the oven and cook one or two minutes longer. or

Cook by **SENSOR.** The Sensor indicator and food category number appear in the Display Window.



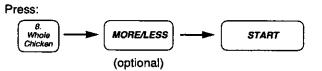
To Cook Whole Poultry:

Use the recommended power level. Use the recommended minutes per pound to calculate the time.

or

Poultry

Cook by **SENSOR.** The Sensor indicator and food category number appear in the Display Window.



Poultry Chart for Sensor & Time Cooking

	SENSOR	MANUAI	COOKING	TEMP.	SPECIAL	
POULTRY	COOKING CATEGORY	POWER	TIME	AFTER COOKING	INSTRUCTIONS	
Cornish Hens, whole* [1 to 1½ lb. (500 to 700 g) ea.]	WHOLE CHICKEN	Medium	17 min./lb.	180°F–190°F (80°C–90°C)	Place breast-side up. Stand time 10 minutes.	
Chicken parts [up to 4 lb. (2 kg)]	CHICKEN PIECES	Medium- High	10 - 11 min./ib.	180°F-190°F (80°C-90°C)	Place skin-side up. Cover with plastic wrap. Stand time 5 minutes.	
Chickens, whole* [up to 6 lb (3 kg)]	WHOLE CHICKEN	Medium- High	11 - 13 min./lb.	180°F–190°F (80°C–90°C)	Place breast-side down. Cover with plastic wrap. Hatfway through cooking, turn over. Stand time 10 minutes.	
Turkey Breast* (about 12 oz.)	WHOLE CHICKEN	Medium	12 - 14 min./lb.	180°F–190°F (80°C–90°C)	Place breast-side up. Stand time 10 minutes.	
Turkey, parts	WHOLE CHICKEN	Medium	12 to 14	180°F-190°F (80°C-90°C)	Stand time 10 minutes.	

* Use MORE for dense meats after selecting Sensor Cooking Category.

Notes

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Microwave Shortcuts

FOOD	POWER	TIME (in minutes)	DIRECTIONS
Butter, Melted, ¼ pound Butter, Softened, ¼ pound	LOW MEDIUM-LOW	1 - 2 1⁄2 - 1	Remove wrapper and place butter in a microwave-safe dish.
Chocolate, Melted,	MEDIUM	2 - 3	Remove wrapper and place
1 square (1 oz.) Chocolate, Melted, ¹ / ₂ cup chips	MEDIUM	2 - 3	chocolate in dish. Stir before adding more time. Chocolate holds its shape even when softened.
Bacon, Separated, 1 lb.	HIGH	1/2 - 1	Remove wrapper. After heating, use a plastic spatula to separate slices.
Cream Cheese, Softened, 3 oz.	MEDIUM-LOW	1/2 - 1	Remove wrapper and place in a bowl.
Cup of Water (boiling) 1 cup (8 oz.)	HIGH	4	Heated liquids can erupt if not mixed with air. Do not heat
2 cups (16 oz.) Cup of Milk (scalded)	HIGH	61/2	liquids in your microwave oven without stirring first. Stir after heating.
1 cup (8 oz.) 2 cups (16 oz.)	MEDIUM-HIGH MEDIUM-HIGH	3½ - 4½ 7 - 8	without stirring hist. Stir alter heating.
Coconut, Toasted, ⅓ cup	MEDIUM-HIGH	1 - 3	Place in a pie plate or bowl. Stir every 30 seconds.
Ground Beef, Browned, 1 lb.	HIGH	3 - 5	Crumble in microwave-safe colander set in another dish. Stir twice.
Ice Cream, Softened, 1/2 gallon	MEDIUM-LOW	3-4	
Nuts, Roasted, ⅓ cup	HIGH	3 - 5	Spread nuts in 9-inch pie plate. Stir twice.
Sesame Seeds, Toasted, ¹ / ₄ cup	HIGH	21/2 - 4	Place in a small bowl. Stir twice.
Brown Sugar, Softened	HIGH	1/2 - 3/4	Place 1 cup hard brown sugar in dish with a slice of bread or a wedge of apple. Cover with plastic wrap.
To Remove Oven Odors	HIGH	5	Combine 1 to 11/2 cups of water with the juice and peel of one lemon in a small bowl. After heating, wipe interior of oven with damp cloth. Repeat as needed.

Care of Your Microwave Oven

BEFORE CLEANING: Unplug oven at socket of the wall outlet. If impossible, leave oven door open to prevent oven from accidentally turning on.

Inside of the oven: Wipe with a damp cloth. Mild detergent may be used if the oven gets very dirty. DO NOT use harsh detergent or abrasives.

Outside oven surfaces: Clean with a damp cloth. To prevent damage to the operating parts inside the oven, water should not be allowed to seep into ventilation openings.

Control Panel: If the control panel becomes wet, clean with a soft, dry cloth. DO NOT use harsh detergents or abrasives on the Control Panel.

Glass Tray: Remove and wash in warm soapy water or in a dishwasher.

Oven Door: Wipe with a soft cloth when steam accumulates

inside or around the outside of the oven door. During cooking, especially under high humidity conditions, steam is given off from the food. (Some steam will condense on cooler surfaces, such as the oven door.) This is normal.

The Roller Ring and oven cavity floor: Wipe the bottom surface of the oven with mild detergent water or window cleaner and dry. The roller ring may be washed in mild soapy water or dishwasher. These areas should be kept clean to avoid excessive noise.

STEAM CONDENSATION can cause the inside of the oven and the oven door to rust. To prevent this, those places must be wiped with a dry cloth to remove any remaining water after oven use.

AFTER CLEANING: Be sure to replace the Roller Ring and Glass Tray in the proper position and press *HOLD/CLEAR* Pad to clear the screen.

Before Requesting Service

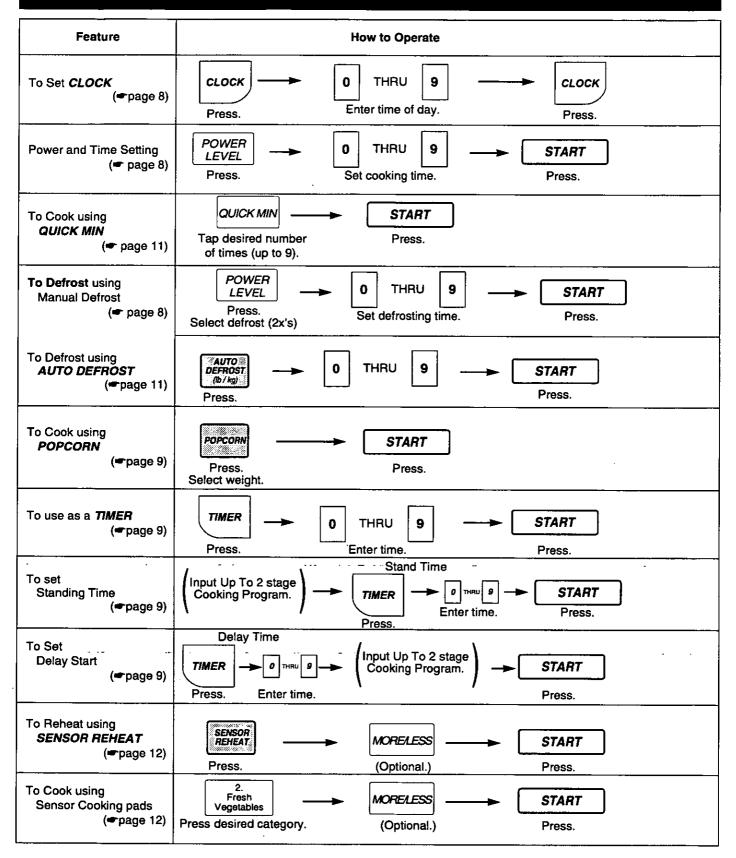
All these things are normal:

The oven causes interference with my TV.	Some radio and TV interference might occur when you cook with the microwave oven. This interference is similar to the interference caused by small appliances such as mixers, vacuums, blow dryers, etc. It does not indicate a problem with your oven.
The oven lights dim.	When cooking with a power other than HIGH, the oven must cycle to obtain the lower power levels. The oven light will dim and clicking noises can be heard when the oven cycles. This is normal operation.
Steam accumulates on the oven door and warm air comes from the oven vents.	During cooking, steam and warm air are given off from the food. Most of the steam and warm air are removed from the oven by the air which circulates in the oven cavity. However, some steam will condense on cooler surfaces such as the oven door. This is normal.
accidentally ran my microwave oven without any food in it.	Running the oven empty for a short time will not damage the oven. However, we do not recommend operating the oven in this manner.

PROBLEM		POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY	
] . '	The oven is not plugged in securely.	Remove plug from outlet, wait 10 seconds and reinsert.	
Oven will not turn on.	→	Circuit breaker or fuse is tripped or blown.	Reset circuit breaker or replace fuse.	
		There is a problem with the outlet.	Plug another appliance into the outlet to check if it is working.	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ר	The door is not closed completely.	Close the oven door securely.	
Oven will not start cooking.]→	Another program entered already in the oven.	Press HOLD/CLEAR Pad to cancel the previous program and program again.	
When the oven is turning on, there is noise coming from the glass tray.		The roller ring and oven bottom are dirty.	Clean these parts according to "Care of Your Microwave Oven" above.	

If it seems there is a problem with the oven, contact an authorized Servicenter or call the Panasonic/Quasar Customer Help Line: 1-800-211-PANA (7262) Toll Free

Quick Guide to Operation



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